

Safety Data Sheet

Titebond PROvantage Subfloor Adhesive

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	:	₩tebond PROvantage Subfloor Adhesive		
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Address	:	Franklin International 2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207		
Contact person	:	Franklin Technical Services		
Telephone	:	(800) 877-4583		
In case of emergency	:	Franklin Security (614) 445-1300		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	SDS@FranklinInternational.com		
Reference number	:	3706		
Product code	:	5482		
Date of revision	:	1/4/2024		
Safety Data Sheets are available online at	:	www.FranklinInternational.com		
Chemtrec (24 Hour)	:	(800) 424 - 9300		
Chemtrec International	:	+1 703-741-5970		
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Identified uses				

Not applicable.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Suspected of causing cancer. (inhalation)
	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. (inhalation)
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (inhalation)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors of in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
lazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
methyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	79-20-9
toluene	≤3	108-88-3
methanol	≤3	67-56-1
vinyl acetate	≤0.3	108-05-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	1	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/ef	fec	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>ts</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	ton	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medi	<u>ica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments	
Protection of first-aiders	

: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Advice on general : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is occupational hygiene handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating. drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Conditions for safe storage, 12 Store between the following temperatures: -17 to 40°C (1.4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in including any incompatibilities original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry. cool and well-ventilated area. away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
methyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 757 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 760 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 760 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	STEL: 760 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 610 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

toluene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 375 mg/m^3 10 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	C: 500 ppm $T_{1}^{1}(A): 27 mg/m^{3} $ P hours
	TWA: 37 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: $260 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
	C: 1000 ppm
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
vinyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 35 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 53 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

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OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 30 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 60 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
CEIL: 4 ppm 15 minutes.
CEIL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
STEL: 45 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 30 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
toluene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/20 BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine time: end of shift. BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cres Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood time: prior to last shift of workwe	e]. Sampling sol [in urine]. d]. Sampling
methanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/20 BEI: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine time: end of shift.	
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaus other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contamina recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to k vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosive ventilation equipment.	ants below any keep gas,
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	In some
Individual protection meas		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical produce ating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminate Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash station showers are close to the workstation location.	od. ed clothing.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used whe assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splash gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be we the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash	es, mists, vorn, unless
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standar worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment in necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufactur during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It is noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substa- protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	dicates this is irer, check should be it for different

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>						
Physical state	: Liqui	id. [Paste.]				
Color	: Beig	e. [Light]				
Odor	: Solv	ent(s) [Strong]			
Odor threshold	: Not a	available.				
рН	: Not a	applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	: Not a	available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 56.1	1°C (133°F)				
Flash point	: Clos	ed cup: -13°C	(8.6°F) [Setaflasl	n]		
Evaporation rate	: >1 (k	outyl acetate =	= 1)			
Flammability			in the presence of d static discharge		aterials or	conditions: open
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not a	available.				
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)	: 49.3	6 g/l				
Volatility	: 34.4	8% (w/w)				
Vapor pressure	:					
		Vapor Pres	sure at 20°C	V	apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methyl acetate	171.0145	4 22.8		590.30018	78.7	
Relative vapor density	: Not a	available.	4			
Relative density	: 1.27	696				
Solubility(ies)	:					
Media		Result				
cold water hot water		Not soluble Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not a	applicable.				

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	1	252°C (485.6°F)
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
methyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
vinyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11400 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2335 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-

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Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
: Prolonged or repeated condermatitis.	ontact can def	at the skin a	nd lead to irritation,	cracking and/or
: This product may irritate	eyes upon co	ntact.		
		neadaches, o	dizziness, drowsines	ss and nausea
	 Prolonged or repeated or dermatitis. This product may irritate High vapor concentration 	 Prolonged or repeated contact can def dermatitis. This product may irritate eyes upon contact can be addressed on the second second	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin a dermatitis. This product may irritate eyes upon contact. High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, or the state of th	 Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, dermatitis. This product may irritate eyes upon contact. High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsines

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
toluene vinyl acetate	-	3 2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond PROvantage Subfloor Adhesive toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 3 Category 1	-	Narcotic effects -

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond PROvantage Subfloor Adhesive toluene	Category 2 Category 2	inhalation -	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name		Result	
toluene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Derr	nal, Inhalation, Eyes.	
Potential acute health effec	ts		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (Cl dizziness.	NS) depression. May cause drowsiness or	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin	dryness and irritation.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/4/2024	Version : 2	10/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: Can cause central ne	ervous svstem	(CNS) depre	ession.		
Symptoms related to the phy		•	. , .			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms r pain or irritation watering redness			-		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms r nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal dea skeletal malformatio	ths	e following:			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms r irritation dryness cracking	may include th	e following:			
Ingestion	: No specific data.					
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic eff	ects from sho	ort and long	<u>term exposu</u>	<u>re</u>	
<u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Long term exposure						
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.					
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.					
Potential chronic health eff	ects					
Not available.						
General	: May cause damage Prolonged or repeate dermatitis.					
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causin of exposure.	g cancer if inh	aled. Risk of	cancer deper	nds on duratio	on and level
Mutagenicity	: No known significant	t effects or crit	ical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damage	ging fertility or f	he unborn ch	nild. (inhalatior	ר)	
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>city</u>					
Acute toxicity estimates						
Product/ingredient name		Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
toluene methanol vinyl acetate		N/A 500 2900	N/A 300 2335	N/A 64000 N/A	3 3 N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methyl acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
vinyl acetate	Acute EC50 8.81 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.58 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
toluene	-	-	Readily
methanol	-	-	Readily
vinyl acetate	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
methyl acetate	0.18	-	low
toluene	2.73	90	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low
vinyl acetate	0.73	3.16	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: Not available.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
Toluene Methanol (I)	- 67-56-1	Listed Listed	U220 U154

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	111	111	Ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

DOT Classification	: <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity
TDG Classification	 Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity
Mexico Classification	: <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity
ADR/RID	: <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity
IMDG	: <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity

: <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

				SARA 302 1	PQ	SARA 304 F	RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate		≤0.3	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 1969384	lbs / 894100.3 kg [1	84967.	7 gal / 70017	'8.8 L]		
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	EYE IRRI CARCINO TOXIC TO SPECIFIO Category SPECIFIO	BLE LIQUIDS - Cat TATION - Category OGENICITY - Categ O REPRODUCTION C TARGET ORGAN 3 C TARGET ORGAN Defatting irritant	v ŽA jory 2 N - Cate I TOXIC	egory 2 CITY (SINGLI		, (,

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
methyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
toluene	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
methanol	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) -
vinul apotato	<0.2	Category 1
vinyl acetate	≤0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	toluene	108-88-3	≤3
	methanol	67-56-1	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3
Supplier notification	toluene	108-88-3	≤3
	methanol	67-56-1	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

- **Massachusetts**
- : The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; TOLUENE; METHANOL

- New York
- : The following components are listed: Toluene; Methanol

Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey

: The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; TOLUENE; METHYL ALCOHOL; VINYL ACETATE

- Pennsylvania
- : The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, METHYL ESTER; BENZENE, METHYL-; METHANOL

California Prop. 65

🕂 WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Toluene and Methanol, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings. ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Toluene Methanol	-	Yes. Yes.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

China United States TSCA 8(b) : All components are active or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

inventory

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	Expert judgment
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Expert judgment
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Expert judgment
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Expert judgment
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Expert judgment
<u>History</u>	·
Date of printing $\cdot 1/4/2024$	

Date of printing	: 1/4/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/4/2024
Date of previous issue	: 1/4/2024
Version	: 2

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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